

EVALUASI IMPLEMENTASI *BUNDLES CARE* PENCEGAHAN INFEKSI DAERAH OPERASI TAHAP PRAOPERASI PADA RSUD “X” DI KEBUMEN

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Abstrak

Infeksi Daerah Operasi (IDO) atau *Surgical Site Infection (SSI)* merupakan salah satu jenis infeksi terkait pelayanan kesehatan atau *Healthcare Associated Infection (HAIs)* yang menjadi indikator mutu rumah sakit. *Surgical Site Infection (SSI)* dapat berdampak meningkatkan biaya perawatan kesehatan. Pada implementasi *bundles* dapat mengurangi kejadian *SSI* sebesar 4,9% untuk operasi bersih dan 19,4% untuk operasi yang terkontaminasi. Insiden *SSI* sebelum aplikasi bundel lebih besar dibandingkan dengan yang dilaporkan dalam penelitian sebelumnya (4,9% vs 3,7%). (Fernández-Prada *et al.*, 2017). **Tujuan penelitian** menganalisis implementasi *bundles care* pencegahan *SSI* pada tahap praoperasi pada RSUD “X” di Kebumen, gambaran dukungan manajer dan staf fungsional terhadap SPO *bundles* pencegahan IDO tahap praoperasi. **Metode** penelitian *mix methode* dengan dengan *design retrospective crosssectional*. Subyek penelitian kuantitatif adalah pasien yang dilakukan operasi bedah umum dengan criteria luka bersih dan bersih terkontaminasi. Subyek penelitian kualitatif adalah manajer rumah sakit dan staf fungsional terkait penerapan SPO *bundles* pencegahan IDO tahap praoperasi. Pengumpulan data kuantitatif dilakukan dengan menelaah dokumen rekam medis menggunakan tools checklist sesuai Standar Operasional Prosedur *Bundles Care* Pencegahan *SSI*. Pengumpulan data dilakukan dengan wawancara. **Hasil Penelitian:** Implementasi tertinggi *bundle* ke-3 yaitu normoglicemic / normotemperature 99,64% sedang implemementasi terendah *bundle* ke-2 pencukuran daerah operasi dengan *surgical clipper* implementasinya 0,00 %. Kepatuhan terhadap SPO *Bundles Care* Pencegahan Infeksi Daerah Operasi (IDO) di RSUD “X” di Kebumen dengan rerata 55,54% termasuk katagori kurang. Manajer rumah sakit, staf fungsional medis dan keperawatan 100% mendukung penerapan SPO *bundles* pencegahan Infeksi Daerah Operasi (IDO) tahap praoperasi dengan rencana tindak lanjut sosialisasi, evaluasi dan pengadaan sarana pendukung.

Kata kunci: Kepatuhan *bundles*, pencegahan IDO, implementasi

APPLICATION EVALUATIONS OF *BUNDLES CARE* TO INFECT PREOPERATIVE AREAS OF RSUD "X" IN KEBUMEN

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Abstract

Surgical Site Infection (SSI) constitutes one type of health care or *Healthcare Associated Infection (HAIs)* that indicator hospital quality. *Surgical Site Infection (SSI)* can cause the incidence of health care. In implementation *bundles* can reduce 4.9% incidence of clean operations and 19.4 4% of contaminated operations. The *SSI* incident before the application is larger than that reported in previous research (4.9% vs 3.7%). (fernandez-prada et al. 2017). **Research aims** to determine the implementation of *bundles care* for *SSI* prevention in the preoperative stages of RSUD "X" in Kebumen, descriptions of manager and functional staff support of Standard Operating Procedures(SOP) *bundles* preoperational prevention *SSI*. **Method** research *mix method* with a *design retrospective crosssectional*. The subject of quantitative research is a patient who performed general surgery with untreated clean and contaminated wounds. Qualitative research subjects are hospital managers and functional staff related to the application of SOP bundles prevention of *SSI*. Quantitative data collection is done by studying medical records using pain tools through SOP Bundles Care for *SSI* prevention. Data collection is done with interviews. **Research** : The highest implementation of the third *bundle* of the third, *normolicebic / normotemperatureb* 99.64%, is at a minimum of the lowest indexing of second *bundle* indexing area *surgical clipper* implementation 0.00%. Compliance with SOP *Bundles Care* for the Prevention of Surgical Site Infection in RSUD "X" in Kebumen with less than 55,54% of category. Hospital managers, functional medical and nursing staff 100% support the application of SOP *bundles* of prevention Surgical Site Infection with socialized follow-up plans, assessments and assistive facilities.

Key words: Bundles Compliance, Prevention of IDO, Implementation