

## **Daftar Pustaka**

### **E-Book**

- Binod, K. (1999). *The migration of knowledge workers : second-generation effects of India's brain drain*. New Delhi: Thousand Oaks, Calif.;London.
- Brahmananda, P. R. (1982). *Productivity in the India Economy* . Bombay: Himalaya Publishing House.
- Carrington, William, & Detragiache, E. (1998). *How Big is the Brain Drain*. Washington D.C: International Monetary Fund Working Paper.
- Chopra, S. K. (1986). *Brain Drain, and How to Reverse it*. India: South Asia Books.
- Goldin, C. (2014). *Human capital*. Cambridge: Harvard University and National Bureau of economic Research.

### **Jurnal**

- Agha, E. (2019). *Budget 2019: 'Study in India' to Focus on Foreign Students, Promote India as Study Destination*. news18.com.
- Bana, L. (2016). Brain Circulation, the Phenomenon and Challenges.
- Bonita, M. (2018). Strategi Indonesia Dalam Menanggapi Resolusi Parlemen Uni Eropa No. P8\_Ta(2017)0098 Tentang Palm Oil And Deforestation Of Rainforest

Tahun 2017.

[https://jom.unri.ac.id/index.php/JOMFSIP/article/view  
File/21038/20360](https://jom.unri.ac.id/index.php/JOMFSIP/article/view/File/21038/20360).

Camey, D. K. (2014). *Managing The Reverse Brain Drain: factors Affecting*.

Census of India. (2001).

[http://www.censusindia.gov.in/census\\_  
online/Population/List\\_of\\_Million\\_Plus\\_Cities](http://www.censusindia.gov.in/census_online/Population/List_of_Million_Plus_Cities).

Chacko, E. (2007). From brain drain to brain gain: reverse migration to Bangalore and Hyderabad, India's globalizing high tech cities. *Geojournal*.

Chacko, E. (2007). From Brain drain to brain gain: Reverse migration to Bangalore and Hyderabad, India's globalizing high tech cities. *GeoJournal*, 137.

Coleman, j. (1990). *Foundations of Social Theory*. Cambridge: MA:The Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.

Consulat General of India Erbil. (2019). *Scholarship Programme for Diaspora Children (SPDC) 2019-20 For Higher and Technical Education in India*.  
[cgierbil.gov.id](http://cgierbil.gov.id).

Couloumbis, T. A. (1990). *Pengantar Hubungan Internasional*. Englewood Cliffs:Pretince Hall.

Docquler, F. (2006). *The Brain Drain*. 3.

Dodani, S. (2005). Brain drain from developing countries: how can brain drainbe converted into wisdom gain?  
*Journal of The Royal Society of Medicine*.

- Faiz, P. M. (2007). BRAIN DRAIN DAN SUMBER DAYA MANUSIA INDONESIA: Studi Analisa terhadap Reversed Brain Drain di India. *BRAIN DRAIN DAN SUMBER DAYA MANUSIA INDONESIA: Studi Analisa terhadap Reversed Brain Drain di India*, 1.
- Faiz, P. M. (2007). Brain Drain dan Sumber Daya Manusia Indonesia: Study Analisa terhadap Reversed Brain Drain di India.
- Gaikwad, B. R., & Solunke, R. S. (2013). Growth of Higher Education in India. *International Research Journal of Social Sciences*.
- Government of Kartanaka. (2006).  
<http://www.bangaloreit.com> (Official website of the Department of IT and biotechnology, Government of Karnataka.
- Heitzman, J. (2004). *Network city: Planning and information society in Bangalore*. . New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Heitzman, J. (2004). *Network city: Planning and information society in Bangalore*. New Delhi. Oxford University Press.
- Hunger, U. (n.d.). Brain Gain Hypothesis: Indian IT-Entrepreneurs . *Berlin-Institut*.
- Ibrahim, N. (n.d). Kebangkitan India : Dari Pembangunan Model Nehru ke Model Knowledge Based Society. *Jurnal Ilmu Sosial dan Politik*, 13.

- Ibrahim, N. (n.d.). *Kebangkitan India: Dari Model Pembangunan Nehru ke Model Knowledge Based Society*.
- Joshi, K. M., & Kinjai, V. A. (2016). Higher Education Growth in India: Is Growth Appreciable and Comparable. *Higher Education Forum*.
- Kapur, D. (2002). The causes and consequences of India's IT boom. *India Review*, 1-2, 91-110.
- Khadria, B. (1999). *The Migration of Knowledge Workers: Second Generation Effects of India's Brain Drain*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Khadria, B. (2002). Skilled labour migration from developing countries: Study on India. *International migration*.
- Krasulja, N., Blagojevic, M. V., & Radojevic, I. (2016). Brain Drain, the Positive and Negative Aspects of the Phenomenon.
- Luthra, P. (2017). *NRI opportunities for the government of India*. [indialink.com](http://indialink.com).
- Mugimu, C. B. (2010). Brain Drain to Brain Gain: What are the Implications for Higher Education in Africa.
- Murthy, N. R. (2008). The Impact of Economic Reform on the Industry in India- A Case Study of the Software Industry.
- Murthy, N. R. (2008). The Impact of Economic Reform on the Industry in India- A Case Study of the Software Industry.

- Nassaji, H. (2015). Qualitative and descriptive research: Data type versus data analysis. *Language Teaching Research*, 130.
- Nasscom-McKinsey. (2005). Extending India's leadership in the global IT and BPO industries. *Circulation migration and human development. Human development Research* .
- National Center for Science and Engineering Studies. (2015). *Immigrants' Growing Presence in the U.S Science and Engineering Workforce: Education and Employment Characteristics in 2013*.
- Ramachandraiah, C., & Bawa, V. K. (2000). Hyderabad in the changing political economy. *Journal of Contemporary Asia*, 563-574.
- Ranjan, A. (2018). *Will the 'Study in India' campaign reverse the brain drain among scholars?* New Delhi: qrius.com.
- Ranjan, A. (2018). *Will the 'Study in India' campaign reverse the brain drain among scholars?* qrius.com.
- Ryan, O. (2005). India's top export: Headed back home? *Fortune*. 12.
- Saxenian, A. L. (2000). Silicon Valley's new immigrant entrepreneurs. *Center for Comparative Immigration Studies*,.
- Shesabalaya, A. (2005). Enduring an IT eclipse. *YaleGlobal* .

- Singh, J. (2015). Trends in Brain Drain, Gain and Circulation: Indian Experience of Knowledge Workers.
- Singh, J., & Khrisna, V. V. (2015). Trends in Brain Drain, Gain, and circulation: India Experience of Knowledge Workers. *Science Technology and Society*.
- Singh, S. (2003). Brain Drain to Brain Gain? Return Migration of Indian Information Technology Professionals.
- Soni, J. D. (n.d.). Brain Drain to Brain Circulation: In Indian Context . 20.
- Sugiono. (2008). Metode Penelitian Bisnis. *Pusat Bahasa Depdiknas*.
- Sukhatme, S. T., & Mahadevan, I. (1987). Pilot study on magnitude and nature of the brain-drain of graduates of the Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay. Bombay: Indian Institute of Technology.
- Sukoco, I. (2017). *HUMAN CAPITAL APPROACH TO INCREASING PRODUCTIVITY OF HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT*. *Jurnal AdBispreneur*, 94.
- Suwartiyani, D. (n.d.). UPAYA PEMERINTAH INDIA DALAM MENANGGULANGI BRAIN DRAIN KHUSUSNYA DALAM PENGEMBANGAN TEKNOLOGI ATAU PERANGKAT LUNAK (SOFTWARE). *Jurnal Hubungan Internasional*, 4.
- Suwartiyani, D. (n.d.). Upaya Pemerintah India dalam Menanggulangi Brain Drain Khususnya dalam

Pengembangan Teknologi atau Perangkat Lunak  
(Software).

Sweetland, S. R. (1996). *Human capital Theory: Foundations of a Field of Inquiry*. 342.

Tejada, G., & Bathacarya, U. (2013). *Indian Skilled Migration an Development*.