

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran : Skrip program

Skrip hsv color ke hitam putih

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import os

image_list = []
nama_gambar=[]

windir ='D:/a_gg/New folder/re/'

for image_file_name in os.listdir(windir):
    if image_file_name.endswith(".jpg"):
        image_list.append(windir+image_file_name)
        nama_gambar.append(image_file_name)

i = len(image_list)
x=0

lower_yellow=np.array([20,100,100])
upper_yellow=np.array([35,255,255])

while x < i :
    img=cv2.imread(image_list[x])
    hsv = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2HSV)
    mask_y=cv2.inRange(hsv,lower_yellow,upper_yellow)
    res=cv2.bitwise_and(img,img,mask=mask_y)
    cv2.imwrite("D:/a_gg/New folder/re/hs"+nama_gambar[x],hsv)
    print(image_list[x])
    x += 1

print("Sukses")|
```

Skrip code model unet

```
import numpy as np
import os
import skimage.io as io
import skimage.transform as trans
import numpy as np
from keras.models import *
from keras.layers import *
from keras.optimizers import *
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, LearningRateScheduler, TensorBoard
from keras import backend as keras

def unet(pretrained_weights = None,input_size = (256,256,1)):
    inputs = Input(input_size)
    conv1 = Conv2D(64, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(inputs)
    conv1 = Conv2D(64, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv1)
    pool1 = MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv1)
    conv2 = Conv2D(128, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(pool1)
    conv2 = Conv2D(128, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv2)
    pool2 = MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv2)
    conv3 = Conv2D(256, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(pool2)
    conv3 = Conv2D(256, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv3)
    pool3 = MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(conv3)
    conv4 = Conv2D(512, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(pool3)
    conv4 = Conv2D(512, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv4)
    drop4 = Dropout(0.5)(conv4)
    pool4 = MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2))(drop4)

    conv5 = Conv2D(1024, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(pool4)
    conv5 = Conv2D(1024, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv5)
    drop5 = Dropout(0.5)(conv5)

    up6 = Conv2D(512, 2, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(UpSampling2D(size = (2,2))(drop5))
    merge6 = concatenate([drop4,up6], axis = 3)
    conv6 = Conv2D(512, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(merge6)
    conv6 = Conv2D(512, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv6)

    up7 = Conv2D(256, 2, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(UpSampling2D(size = (2,2))(conv6))
    merge7 = concatenate([conv3,up7], axis = 3)
    conv7 = Conv2D(256, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(merge7)
    conv7 = Conv2D(256, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv7)

    up8 = Conv2D(128, 2, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(UpSampling2D(size = (2,2))(conv7))
    merge8 = concatenate([conv2,up8], axis = 3)
    conv8 = Conv2D(128, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(merge8)
    conv8 = Conv2D(128, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv8)

    up9 = Conv2D(64, 2, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(UpSampling2D(size = (2,2))(conv8))
    merge9 = concatenate([conv1,up9], axis = 3)
    conv9 = Conv2D(64, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(merge9)
    conv9 = Conv2D(64, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv9)
    conv9 = Conv2D(2, 3, activation = 'relu', padding = 'same', kernel_initializer = 'he_normal')(conv9)
    conv10 = Conv2D(1, 1, activation = 'sigmoid')(conv9)

    model = Model(input = inputs, output = conv10)

    model.compile(optimizer = Adam(lr = 1e-4), loss = 'binary_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])

#    model.summary()

    if(pretrained_weights):
        model.load_weights(pretrained_weights)

    return model
```

Skript code data

```
from __future__ import print_function
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
import numpy as np
import os
import glob
import skimage.io as io
import skimage.transform as trans

Sky = [128,128,128]
Building = [128,0,0]
Pole = [192,192,128]
Road = [128,64,128]
Pavement = [60,40,222]
Tree = [128,128,0]
SignSymbol = [192,128,128]
Fence = [64,64,128]
Car = [64,0,128]
Pedestrian = [64,64,0]
Bicyclist = [0,128,192]
Unlabelled = [0,0,0]

COLOR_DICT = np.array([Sky, Building, Pole, Road, Pavement,
                      Tree, SignSymbol, Fence, Car, Pedestrian, Bicyclist, Unlabelled])

def adjustData(img,mask,flag_multi_class,num_class):
    if(flag_multi_class):
        img = img / 255
        mask = mask[:,:,:] if(len(mask.shape) == 4) else mask[:, :, 0]
        new_mask = np.zeros(mask.shape + (num_class,))
        for i in range(num_class):
            #for one pixel in the image, find the class in mask and convert it into one-hot vector
            #index = np.where(mask == i)
            #index_mask = (index[0],index[1],index[2],np.zeros(len(index[0]),dtype = np.int64) + i)
            if (len(mask.shape) == 4) else (index[0],index[1],np.zeros(len(index[0]),dtype = np.int64) + i)
                #new_mask[index_mask] = 1
                new_mask[mask == i,i] = 1
        new_mask =
        np.reshape(new_mask,(new_mask.shape[0],new_mask.shape[1]*new_mask.shape[2],new_ma
k.shape[3])) if flag_multi_class else
        np.reshape(new_mask,(new_mask.shape[0]*new_mask.shape[1],new_mask.shape[2]))
        mask = new_mask
    elif(np.max(img) > 1):
        img = img / 255
        mask = mask /255
        mask[mask > 0.5] = 1
        mask[mask <= 0.5] = 0
    return (img,mask)
```

```

def trainGenerator(batch_size,train_path,image_folder,mask_folder,aug_dict,image_color_mode =
"grayscale",
                  mask_color_mode = "grayscale",image_save_prefix = "image",mask_save_prefix
= "mask",
                  flag_multi_class = False,num_class = 2,save_to_dir = None,target_size =
(256,256),seed = 1):
    """
    can generate image and mask at the same time
    use the same seed for image_datagen and mask_datagen to ensure the transformation for
    image and mask is the same
    if you want to visualize the results of generator, set save_to_dir = "your path"
    """

    image_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(**aug_dict)
    mask_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(**aug_dict)
    image_generator = image_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        train_path,
        classes = [image_folder],
        class_mode = None,
        color_mode = image_color_mode,
        target_size = target_size,
        batch_size = batch_size,
        save_to_dir = save_to_dir,
        save_prefix = image_save_prefix,
        seed = seed)
    mask_generator = mask_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        train_path,
        classes = [mask_folder],
        class_mode = None,
        color_mode = mask_color_mode,
        target_size = target_size,
        batch_size = batch_size,
        save_to_dir = save_to_dir,
        save_prefix = mask_save_prefix,
        seed = seed)
    train_generator = zip(image_generator, mask_generator)
    for (img,mask) in train_generator:
        img,mask = adjustData(img,mask,flag_multi_class,num_class)
        yield (img,mask)

def testGenerator(test_path,num_image = 30,target_size = (256,256),flag_multi_class =
False,as_gray = True):
    for i in range(num_image):
        img = io.imread(os.path.join(test_path,"%d.png"%i),as_gray = as_gray)
        #    img = img / 255
        img = trans.resize(img,target_size)
        img = np.reshape(img,img.shape+(1,)) if (not flag_multi_class) else img
        img = np.reshape(img,(1,)+img.shape)
        yield img

```

```

def geneTrainNpy(image_path,mask_path,flag_multi_class = False,num_class = 2,image_prefix
= "image",mask_prefix = "mask",image_as_gray = True,mask_as_gray = True):
    image_name_arr = glob.glob(os.path.join(image_path,"%s*.png"%image_prefix))
    image_arr = []
    mask_arr = []
    for index,item in enumerate(image_name_arr):
        img = io.imread(item,as_gray = image_as_gray)
        img = np.reshape(img,img.shape + (1,)) if image_as_gray else img
        mask =
        io.imread(item.replace(image_path,mask_path).replace(image_prefix,mask_prefix),as_gray =
        mask_as_gray)
        mask = np.reshape(mask,mask.shape + (1,)) if mask_as_gray else mask
        img,mask = adjustData(img,mask,flag_multi_class,num_class)
        image_arr.append(img)
        mask_arr.append(mask)
    image_arr = np.array(image_arr)
    mask_arr = np.array(mask_arr)
    return image_arr,mask_arr

def labelVisualize(num_class,color_dict,img):
    img = img[:, :, 0] if len(img.shape) == 3 else img
    img_out = np.zeros(img.shape + (3,))
    for i in range(num_class):
        img_out[img == i, :] = color_dict[i]
    return img_out / 255

def saveResult(save_path,npypfile,flag_multi_class = False,num_class = 2):
    for i,item in enumerate(npypfile):
        img = labelVisualize(num_class,COLOR_DICT,item) if flag_multi_class else item[:, :, 0]
        io.imsave(os.path.join(save_path,"%d_predict.png"%i),img)

```

Skrip main

```

from model import *
from data import *

#os.environ["CUDA_VISIBLE_DEVICES"] = "0"

data_gen_args = dict(rotation_range=0.2,
                     width_shift_range=0.05,
                     height_shift_range=0.05,
                     shear_range=0.05,

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```
        zoom_range=0.05,  
        horizontal_flip=True,  
        fill_mode='nearest')  
  
myGene =  
trainGenerator(2,'data/membrane/train','image','label',data_gen_args,save_to_dir  
= None)  
  
model = unet()  
model_checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('unet_membrane.hdf5',  
monitor='loss',verbose=1, save_best_only=True)  
model.fit_generator(myGene,steps_per_epoch=300,epochs=1,callbacks=[model  
_checkpoint])  
  
testGene = testGenerator("data/membrane/test")  
results = model.predict_generator(testGene,10,verbose=1)  
saveResult("data/membrane/test",results)
```