

ABSTRACT

The problem of Indonesian Migrant Workers is a never-ending issue in Indonesia. They faced various risks and problems since before their departure, during their employment, and after returning home. This research aims at exploring whether the placement procedures conducted by PPTKIS Bantul Regency had fulfilled or not the requirements mentioned in the Law No. 39 of 2004 on the Placement and Protection of Indonesian Migrant Workers in Malaysia. This study also aims to find out their obstacles and problems. The research is normative and empirical legal research using the juridical approach with descriptive and qualitative analysis. The data were collected through library review and field research as well as an in-depth interview with relevant resource persons. The results show that there are some problems in the placement procedures done by PPTKIS Bantul Regency to Indonesian Migrant Workers who are going to work in Malaysia. The placement procedures are not compliance with Law No. 39 of 2004 on the Placement and Protection of Indonesian Migrant Workers Abroad. Then, they faced many obstacles and problems such as human trafficking, slavery, and human right violation before their departure and during their employment in Malaysia. This research recommends that the placement procedures should be evaluated and revised, and the government should give more attention to Indonesian Migrant Workers during their working session in Malaysia because they work abroad to earn a good living that cannot be given by Indonesian government.

Keywords: *Indonesian Migrant Workers, Placement Procedures, PPTKIS.*