CHAPTER FIVE

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

A. Conclusion

Based on the discussion above, the author concludes the ratification of Regional Cooperation Agreement on Combating Piracy and Armed Robbery against Ships in Asia is urgently needed since there are several reasons such as the absence of national laws, urgency in combating piracy and also from the impact of piracy for Indonesia itself.

However, as the ratification of the convention is concerned, there are some concerns which state that the ratification would face many obstacles, but there are also advantages and disadvantages of the ratification. Meanwhile, there is a chance for Indonesia to ratify the Convention, with the privilege given by the Convention to reserve those responsibilities.

B. Suggestions

The author suggests that Indonesia should ratify the Regional Cooperation Agreement on Combating Piracy and Armed Robbery against Ships in Asia very soon. The ratification may be done by conducting ratification provided by the Convention. In ratifying the Convention, the government has to ensure that the Convention can implemeted well with

Indonesia condition which then creates a synergy to the implementation of the Convention in Indonesia.

Challenges faced in implementing maritime security cooperation in Southeast Asia in particular are as follows:

- (1) limited funding for maritime activities in Indonesia,
- (2) inadequate synchronization of maritime doctrine among states,
- (3) a wide gap in maritime technology,
- (4) a high level of suspicion between states,
- (5) there have not been many extradition treaties between countries in Southeast Asia. Those handicaps certainly need to be overcome in order to create optimal cooperation aimed at securing the maritime area in Southeast Asia

It is our time to open the eyes and lend a hand properly on behalf of combating piracy and armed robbery as a part of United Nation and spirit of our 1945 Constitution.