

Comprehensive Smoking Cessation Program at Firdaus Primary Care Clinic: Supporting Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta



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In 12 weeks

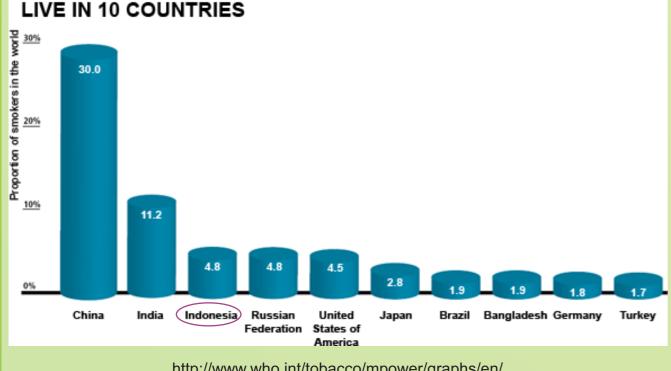
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UMY Firdaus Primary Care Clinic: A Centre of Excellence for High Quality Primary Health Care Health Service – Education – Research

Introduction

Tobacco epidemic is one of the biggest public health threats globally. The World Health Organization (WHO) developed MPOWER (monitoring-protecting-offering-warningenforcing-raising) strategy to defeat the global tobacco epidemic. Smoking prevalence in Indonesia is ranked the third highest in the world. Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta (UMY) declared itself as a smoke-free campus in 2011. However, many active smokers are still observed smoking on the campus. In order to support the global and local initiatives in defeating tobacco epidemic, a comprehensive smoking cessation program within UMY campus has recently been developed.

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Preventive interventions: the cost-effective "best-buys" | Riyadh| 10-12 September, 2012

Why Don't They Just Quit...?

Blatt B. Why Is Quitting Smoking So Difficult? The Science Behind Addiction: American Lung Association; 2016 [12-02-2017]. Available from: http://www.lung.org/about-us/blog/2016/01/why-quitting-smoking-difficult.html.

The three-link chain of tobacco addiction



The Three Link Chain

Organization

- A is the addiction of nicotine the "King" of addictions
- B is the behaviours or cues or triggers- a smoker "trains" to smoke

C is the socio-cultural aspects of people around you

Methods

After reviewing existing literature and considering available resources, UMY Firdaus Primary Care Clinic (Klinik Pratama Firdaus) has been preparing to provide comprehensive smoking cessation services.

Results

Regular Patient and Public Education on the Danger of Smoking: At the Clinic, Campus and in the Community



Screening of Tobacco Use in Every Patient Visit: Using the ABC Approach



A - Ask whether a person smokes

B - Give **brief advice** to quit to all people who smoke, **and**

C – Make an offer of, and provide or refer for cessation treatment

Jerkins M, (2009). Implementing the ABC Approach for Smoking Cessation: Framework and Work Programme. The Ministry of Health, Wellington, New Zealand.

The 5 A's Counseling for Smoking Cessation: Individual Intervention

Action

Tactics for Successful Intervention

1. Ask about tobacco use.

Identify and document tobacco use status for every patient at every visit.

2. Advise to quit.

In a clear, strong, and personalized manner, urge every tobacco user to quit.

3. Assess willingness to make a quit attempt

Is the tobacco user willing to attempt quitting at this time?

4. Assist in quit attempt.

Use counseling and pharmacotherapy to help patients willing to make a quit attempt.

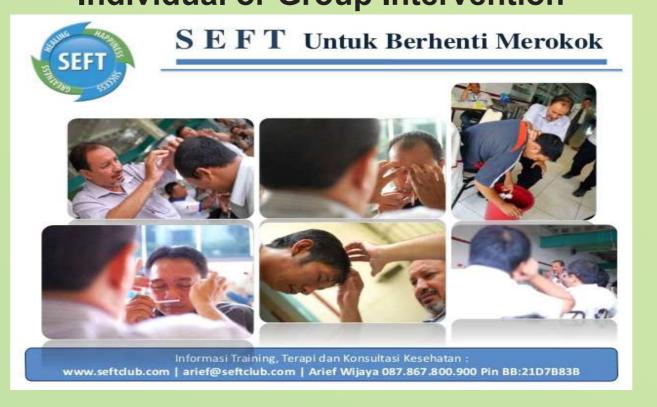
5. Arrange follow-up.

Schedule follow-up contact, preferably within the first week after the quit date.

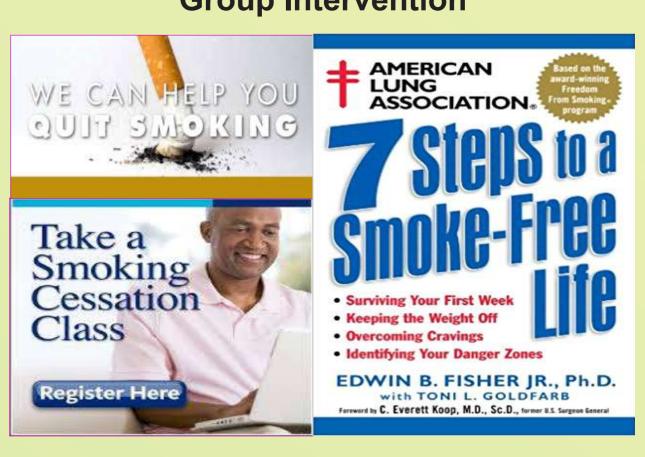
Source: Fiore MC, Bailey WC, Cohen SJ, et al. Treating Tobacco Use and Dependence: Clinical Practice Guideline. Washington, DC: US Dept of Health and Human Services; June 2000. Public Health Service publication no. 000032.

Source: Cancer Control © 2003 H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center and Research Institute, Inc.

The Spiritual EFT (Spritual Emotional Freedom Technique) (SEFT) for Smoking Cessation: Individual or Group Intervention



The Quit Now 7 Steps for Freedom: Group Intervention



Benefits of Quitting

- It's never too late to quit smoking! From the moment you quit your health will begin to improve. See how you will benefit:
- Within 8 Hours:
- oxygen level goes back to normal
 carbon monoxide level drops
- chances of having a heart attack start to decrease
 taste and smell start improving
- breathing will get easier as your airways relax
 lung capacity begins to increase
- lung capacity begins to increase
 Within 2 Weeks to 3 Months:
- circulation improves and exercising becomes easier
 lung capacity can increase by as much as 30%
- within 6 Months:
 reductions in coughing, sinus congestion, tiredness,
- shortness of breath and colds
 Within 1 year:
 50% less likely to have a heart attack caused by smoking

· risk of dying from a heart attack is the same as a person

- Within 10 Years:
 risk of dying from lung cancer will decrease by half
- risk of dying from lung cancer will decrease by half Within 15 Years:
- http://www.heart.org/HEARTORG/HealthyLiving/QuitSmoking/YourNon-SmokingLife/Smoke-free-Living-Benefits-

In 3 months

Conclusion

Milestones UCM 322711 Article.jsp#.WOCpgqlxU2w

Comprehensive smoking cessation program has been developed in Firdaus Clinic and ready to be provided to active smokers for supporting UMY as a smoke-free campus.

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