







PROCEEDING

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The 2nd International Conference of Medical and Health Sciences (ICMHS) and The 2nd Life Sciences Conference (LSC) 2016

> "Towards a Better Quality of Life through Interdisciplinary Research"

Yogyakarta, 9th-10th December 2016 The Alana Hotel and Convention Center











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TABLE OF CONTENT

COMMITTEE	viii
WELCOMING SPEECH Welcome Message from Comittee	ix x xi
KEYNOTE SPEAKER OF INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE	χV
REVIEWER	xvi
FULL ARTICLE Diabetic Neuropathy - A Chance Towards A Better Treatment Tri Wahyuliati	2
Herbal Medicine a Holistic Approach; in Case of Food Supplement Formulation of Sauropus androgynus and Elephantopus scaber to Modulate Immune and Hormonal System in Pregnant Salmonella typhi Infected Mice Muhammad Sasmito Djati	10
Continuing Competence of Practicing Nurses in Indonesia Fitri Arofiati, SKep.,Ns, MAN Ph.D	19
The Influence of Neuromuscular Taping (NMT) in Walking Speed for the Patients After Ischemic Stroke Umi Budi Rahayu	29
Correlation between Larvae Free Number with DHF Incidence in Sleman, Yogyakarta, Indonesia Tri Wulandari Kesetyaningsih, Sri Andarini, Sudarto, Henny Pramoedyo	34
Correlation Interdialytic Weight Gain-Idwg towards Physical and Psychological Health to Quality of Life in Patients with Hemodialisa Cecilya Kustanti, Maria Putri Sari Utami	42

Quality of Life in Hemodialysis Patiens with Hypertension Maria Putri Sari Utami, Elsye Maria Rosa, Azizah Khoiriyati	48
Environmental Housing Characteristic of Pulmonary Tuberculosis Sufferers in Slum Area	
Iwan Stia Budi, Yustini Ardillah, Indah Purnama Sari, Dwi Septiawati	55
Exploration Study in Psychological Changed on First Trimester Pregnant Women at Kembaran II Health Center, Banyumas	
Wilis Dwi Pangesti, Dewi Ambarwati, Inggar Ratna Kusuma	63
The Anxiety of Pregnant Mother with History of Abortion in Health Service 2 Banyumas Qualitative Study	
Evicenna Naftuchah Riani, Wilis Dwi Pangesti, Diah Atmarina Yuliani	72
Analysis of Infection Control Risk Assessment and Strategies to Reduce Health-Care Associated Infections in RS PKU Muhammadiyah Gamping Yogyakarta	
Nurmalita Sari, Elsye Maria Rosa	76
Health Promotion Program for Disaster Eruption of Mount Merapi Refugee in Youth Centre SlemanDistric, Yogyakarta Special Province, Indonesia Novitasari Ratna Astuti	91
Pap Smear is Important Screening of Cervical Cancer for Women Ivanna Beru Brahmana	100
Analysis of Compliance on Implementing Standard Precautions on Dental Health Service at PKU Muhammadiyah Gamping Hospital of Yogyakarta Maria Margaretha S Nogo Masa, Elsye Maria Rosa	108
Qualitative Study of Stakeholders' Knowledge Regarding Alert Village Program in Ogan Ilir Regency Asmaripa Ainy, Iwan Stia Budi	123
	0
The Influence of Parents Knowledge and Health Care Access to the	
Identification of Children with Hearing Impairment Asti Widuri, Alazi, Muhammad Pringgo Arifianto	131

The Comparison of Maternal Leukocytosis Incidence between Preterm Premature Rupture of Membranes and Premature Rupture of Membranes at	
Term in Panembahan Senopati Hospital Bantul Yogyakarta Choirotun Jum'iyyatin Nisak, Supriyatiningsih	137
Analysis of Patient Safety Culture Instrument by MaPSaF Arum Astika Sari, Arlina Dewi	143
The Relationship of Fish Consumption to Cognitive Development in Students of SD Saptosari, Gunungkidul, Yogyakarta Dewi Ngaisyah	158
Inter Professional Education and Collaborative Practice: Reflection from Health	
students Wiwik Kusumawati, Ika Setyawati, Romdzati, Likky Tiara Alphianti	164
Steroidal Saponin in Ethanol Extract Tuber of Purple Yam (<i>Dioscoreaalata L.</i>) Decrease IL-4 Density of Blood Sera on BALB/c Mice Model Digestive Tract Allergy	
Sri Nabawiyati Nurul Makiyah, Muhaimin Rifa'i, Widodo, Muhammad Sasmito Djati	173
Managerial Leadership Competence in PKU Muhammadiyah Hospital of Gamping	
Ranggit Oktanita, Qurratul Aini, Ekorini Listiowati	184
Malaria Occurrence Factor Analysis Based on Elevation of Sea Surface in the District of OganKomeringUlu, South Sumatra	
Pademi Alamsyah, Chairil Anwar, Dwi Setyawan, Laila Hanum	200
Increasing Family Involvement to Reduce of Cigarette Consumption with Participatory Learning Action (PLA) Approach Tri Hastuti Nur Rochimah, Salmah Orbayinah	212
Air Pollution Effect to Human Health in Palembang City Marsidi, M.T. Kamaluddin, Fauziah N. Kurdi, Novrikasari	230
Identification of Patient Satisfactory Profile for Outpatient Pharmaceutical Service at Private and Government Hospital within Semarang District	241
Pramitha Esha Nirmala Dewi, Novita Dwi Dahliyanti	4 4 l

Intervention of Family Nutritional Awareness to Increase Family's Food Security Fatmalina Febri, Anita Rahmiwati, Fenny Etrawati	249
The Effects of Exercises in Molecular Neuron Cells of Cerebellum in Congenital Hypothyroidism Rats	
Idiani Darmawati, Marten Bhara Suryo Aji, Zulkhah Noor	258
The Effect of Air Freshener Exposure on Corneal Thickness of White Rat (Rattus norvegicus) Yuningtyaswari, Pajar Sigit Nugroho	265
The Correlation between Education about Personal Hygiene and Knowledge and Attitude of Personal Hygiene of the Adolescent	
Kusbaryanto, Wahana	272
The Relationship between Sports Activities and Premestrual Syndrome In SMA N 1 Sentolo, Kulon Progo	
Fenthy Vabiella, Alfaina Wahyuni	277
Relationship Thyroid Status to the Physical Growth and Psychomotror Development on Children Under 2 Years in Endemic Areas of Iodine Deficiency Disorders in District Samigaluh of Kulonprogo Regency	
Adang Muhammad Gugun, Zulkhah Noor, Jifani Rasyad, Mardylla Nur Fitriany	282
Baby Blood Vessel Detection-Based Touch Sensors Ade Pajar Pirdianto, Anna Nur Nazila Chamim	299
Analysis of Factors that Influence Smokers Using Alcohol among Students in a Private University in Yogyakarta Iman Permana, Gibran Ilham Setiawan	306
man remana, Olbran imam Gellawan	300
The Effectiveness of Combined Warm Water Foot Submerging and Breath Relaxation Therapy on Lowering the Blood T Pressure in Hypertensive Patients in the Work Area of Puskesmas Penumping Surakarta	
Prima Trisna Aji, Novita Kurnia Sari, Sri Nabawiyati Nurul Makiyah	315
Assessment of Interprofessional Communication and Collaboration: Using	
Multi Methods	225
Sri Sundari Purbohadi	335

Bed Side Teaching as Effort for Decreasing Needle Stick and Sharp Injury in Clinical Practice Students of PSIK FKIK UMY Azizah Khoiriyati, Novita Kurnia Sari	342
The Relationship between Working Period and Cholinesterase Blood Levels among Pesticides-Spraying Workers in the Oil Palm Plantation Restu Dewi Lestari, Merry Tiyas Anggraini	350
The Effect of Interpersonal Relationship toward Birth Satisfaction Hema Dewi Anggraheny	356
Effect of Early Mobilization Education of The Level Anxiety and Independence of Patients After Total Knee Replacement in Hospital Amik Muladi, Sagiran, Azizah Khoiriyati	363
The Effect of Normal Dose Extract Gempur Batu Kejibeling (<i>Strobilanthus crispus.BL</i>) to the Histological of Rat's Digestive Tract Yoni Astuti, Ali Usodo Mulyo, Harminani	371
Effectiveness of Alcohol 70%, Clorhexidine Gluconate 4% Soap and Irgasan DP 300 as Hand Sanitizers in Reducing Bacterial Growth Inayati, Pinter Hartono	377

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Chair person of The 2nd International Conference of Medical and Health Sciences and The 2nd Life Sciences Conference 2016



Welcome to Jogia, sugeng rawuh!

For the second time, the Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta is going to conduct the 2nd International Conference of Medical and Health Sciences (ICMHS) this December in vibrant Yogyakarta, Indonesia. This year we are going to collaborate with the Life Sciences Society of Pakistan for their 2nd Life Sciences Conference (LSC) with Dr. Zahid Igbal as the general secretary.

This year's conference theme "Towards a better quality of life through interdisciplinary research" will be celebrating an era of seamless interdisciplinary integration and collaboration in scientific innovations with the involvement of more extensive topics and disciplines in the conference. We aim to exhibit the products of that kind of approach in solving challenges, improving the quality of life, and creating sustainable developments. We are happy to announce that our conference is filled with Invited speakers from Pakistan, United States of America, Uni Emirates Arab, Malaysia and Indonesia. Presentations will be conducted in oral as well as poster that covers topics from medicine. public health, dentistry, pharmacy, biomedical to agriculture. To put more credibility to the conference we are collaborating with Isra Medical Journal and the Asian Journal of Agriculture and Biology to publish selected papers from the event. Other paper will be published in the ISBN Proceeding book.

The last but not least, enjoy the conference, start networking and sharing ideas, and let immerse yourself to the heritage cultural ambient of Jogja, sumonggo!

Yogyakarta, 1st December 2016

dr. Iman Permana, M.Kes, Ph.D.

Dean of Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences. Universitas Muhammadiyah Yoqyakarta



Assalamu'alaikum Wr Wb

Science, especially in the areas of health and life growing more rapidly. We need to work together in the research of various disciplines to the advancement of science and to provide benefits to human life.

After successfully organized international scientific meeting last year, the Faculty of Medical and Health Sciences Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, held the second scientific meeting ICMHS along with "2nd Life Sciences Conference". In this second scientific meeting, FKIK UMY collaborates with various researchers, among others from Pakistan, Malaysia, and the United States. Taking the theme "Towards a better quality of life through interdisciplinary research" we hope to establish cooperation with various parties to be able to contribute ideas to the civilization of human life.

Finally, we congratulate the scientific meeting in the city of Yogyakarta Indonesia. Enjoy the beautiful city of Yogyakarta with priceless historical relics. We hope that this meeting can run smoothly and provide benefits to the advancement of knowledge.

Wassalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Yogyakarta, 1st December 2016

dr. Ardi Pramono, M.Kes, Sp.An.

Rector of Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta



Assalaamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

Welcome to the 2nd International Conference on Medical and Health Science in conjunction with the 2nd Life Sciences Conference 2016

Welcome to Yogyakarta City of Tolerance

Our Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences has been doing such international conference almost every year for the last ten years. This and other previous conferences are the things that supporting our vision as an excellence and Islamic university, a young and global university. We will always try to keep monitoring the development of science through sending more lecturers to do the sabbatical leave overseas, doing international research collaborations and also the international conference. Each department should do this strategy of internationalization so that each department has its own network. Faculty of medicine and health science is one of the most progressive units in implementing this strategy by inviting international experts on a regular basis. This program will certainly strengthen our vision.

International conference on medicine and health sciences is a smart choice to offer our lecturers access to the most recent development of the subjects. The participants will also gain the same knowledge and latest information on medicine and health sciences. As everyone knows that the development of science and technology are faster today compared to the previous period. Information technology, computer, and other development havefastened the transformation of medicine and health science into the different and more complex stage.

Cellular technology, for instance, can be used for several functions including those that directly impacts our daily life. There is no long distance call anymore today because cellular phone can do everything we need to contact other people far from where we stand anytime anywhere. People will finally innovate cellular phone for the sake of personal health services. We will in the future using our simple cellular phone to detect our body temperature, blood pressure, even how much fat we have in our body and how much it is supposed to be. We may also be able to check the health of our body without leaving our house and order medicine without going into the drug store. Everything is almost possible as long as we think hard for the better of people in the future. Enjoy the conference and don't forget to visit our rich tourist destinations, mountains, beaches or caves (underground waterways).

Thank you

Wassalaamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Prof. Dr. Bambang Cipto, MA

Keynote Speech

by Head of Provincial Health Office Special Region of Yogyakarta in International Conference of Medical and Health Sciences and Life Sciences Conference

The Alana Hotel and Convention Center, Yogyakarta, December 9-10, 2016

The honorable:

- · Rector of Muhammadiyah University of Yogyakarta,
- The Dean of Medical and Health Sciences Muhammadiyah University of Yogyakarta,
- The chairman of organizing committee of the international conference of medical and health,
- Distinguished guests and colleagues.

Assalamu'alaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh.

First of all, we thank God for His blessings that today we may attend the International Conference of Medical Health Towards a Better Quality of Life Through Interdisciplinary Research in Yogyakarta.

My distinguished colleagues,

In Indonesia National Long Term Development Plan (2005-2024), the Indonesian Ministry of Health have determined a paradigm shift that have governed health services in health development plan. There has been a shift from Curative Health Services to Preventive and Promotive Health Services.

Recently, Indonesia suffers from a triple burden of diseases as health development challenges. The triple burden of diseases are: 1) the backlog of common infections, undernutrition, and maternal mortality; 2) the emerging challenges of non-communicable diseases (NCDs), such as cancer, diabetes, heart disease; and 3) mental illness, and the problems directly related to globalization, like pandemics and the health consequences of climate change.

Dear colleagues,

Here are some data that show several health problems in Indonesia:

- 1. Maternal mortility rate in 2015 is 4,809 cases, infant mortality rate in 2015 is 22,267 cases;
- 2. Regarding to children under the age of five, the national stunting rate is 37.2% which consists of 18% for very short dan 19.2% for short (Riskesdas 2013);

- 3. HIV testing coverage is 14% dan antiretroviral (ARV) therapy coverage is 65.58% (Directorate General of Disease Control and Prevention Ministry of Health, 2015);
- 4. Tuberculosis (TB) notification rate in 2015 is 73.5% and tuberculosis treatment success rate is 72% (Directorate General of Disease Control and Prevention Ministry of Health, 2015).

Distinguished guests.

Indonesia Health Development Program in 2015-2019 strengths in improving human quality life through Health Indonesia Program with family approach. The Indonesian Ministry of Health issued The Minister of Health Regulation (Permenkes) No. 39 Year 2016 as a Guideline of Implementation of Health Indonesia Program with Family Approach. This program has 12 main indicators as markers of a family health status. Currently, many health programs have been implemented by Indonesian Ministry of Health, Provincial Health Offices, and District Health Offices. However, many health problems, some as mentioned above, still become health burdens. We may ask a question whether the programs that we conducted have answered the health problems we have in Indonesia.

It would be better if all health programs that we implement based on scientific health research, especially interdisciplinary research. The research should be related to detection, prevention, and treatment of diseases or problem solving for better health. My dear colleagues,

Being a province with speciality, Special Region of Yogyakarta placed Traditional Medicine as one of the priority programs in Provincial Medium Term Development Plan (2017-2022). We still encounter many challenges in developing Traditional Medicine, especially in providing services which are based on scientific evidence.

Distinguished colleagues,

We look forward to results of interdisciplinary research which would support health problem solving, especially by developing traditional medicine in Yogyakarta. We believe that collaboration in interdisciplinary research would improve quality of human life. Finally,

Thank you for your attention. We wish you a successful conference.

Wassalamu'alaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarakatuh,

On behalf of the Head of Provincial Health Office Special Region of Yogyakarta

Drg. Pembajun Setyaningastutie, M.Kes

SPEAKER OF INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

Zahid Igbal

Al-Nafees Medical College Isra University Islamabad Campus Islamabad, Pakistan "One Health Program for Public Health Benefit"

Prof. Dr. Abdul Khaliq

Professor, Department of Agronomy, University of Agriculture, Faisalabad "Role of Agriculture in Poverty Alleviation of Rural Areas"

Fitri Arofati

Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia "Continuing Professional Development of Practicing Nurses in Indonesia"

Tri Wahyuliati

Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia "Diabetic Neuropathy - A Chance Towards A Better Treatment"

Mohammad Khalid Ashfaq_

University of Mississippi, USA "Natural Products –Use or Misuse"

Muhammad Mukhtar

American University of Ras Al Khaimah, United Arab Emirates "Emerging Biotechnologies and Genomic Medicines in Human Health and Well-Being"

Muhammad Sasmito Djati

Brawijaya University Malang, Indonesia

"Herbal Medicine a Holistic Approach: in case of food supplement formulation of Sauropusandrogynus and Elephantopusscaberto modulate immune and hormonal system in pregnant Salmonella typhi infected mice"

REVIEWER

- 1. Dr. Zahid Igbal, Ph.D (Isra University, Islamabad, Pakistan)
- 2. Prof. Dr. Abdul Khaliq (University of Agriculture, Faisalabad)
- 3. Dr. Mohammad Khalid Ashfaq, DVM, DTVM, MS, Ph.D (University of Mississippi, USA)
- 4. Dr. Muhammad Mukhtar, Ph.D (American University of Ras Al Khaimah, United Arab Emirates)
- 5. Dr. Ir. Muhammad Sasmito Djati, MS. (Brawijaya University Malang, Indonesia)
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- 20. Drh. Tri Wulandari K, M.Kes (Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia)
- 21. Dr. dr. Wiwik Kusumawati, M.Kes (Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia)
- 22. Sabtanti Harimurti, S.Si., M.Sc., Ph.D., Apt. (Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta, Indonesia)

SPEAKER OF INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

ICMHS-P-1-18

The Relationship between Sports Activities and Premestrual Syndrome In SMAN 1 Sentolo, Kulon Progo

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Abstract

Pre-menstrual syndromeare an emotional and physical symptoms that happened before menstruation. The symptomsis caused by increasing of estrogen level. Sport activity is one of the treatment to decrease the pre-menstrual syndrome, because exercise can increase the endorphin that can prevent the increasing of estrogen. The aim of the study was to know the relationship between sport activity and pre-menstrual syndrome. The research was cross-sectional study. Respondents in this study were 66 students. They fill out the questionnaire at the same time. Data were statistically analyzed by chi square test. The results of the study was 77.8% students who do exercise regularly were suffer moderate premenstrual syndrome and 54.4% the respondent who do not regularly exercise suffered severe premenstrual syndrome (p < 0.05) The students who are exercise regularly have a risk to suffer moderate until severe premenstrual syndrome 3.786 times compared with students who regularly exercise. It was concluded that there is a relationship between sporting activity with the occurrence of premenstrual syndrome in female students at SMAN 1 Sentolo

Keywords: Premenstrual Syndrome, sports activities

INTRODUCTION

Adolescence is one of human development period. This period is a change or transition from childhood to adulthood biologically, psychologically and socially. Most of the people and culture, adolescence commonly begins at 10-13 years old and ended at the age of 18-22 years. Premenstrual syndrome is a cycle disorders commonly experienced by young and middle aged women marked by physical and emotional symptoms consistently, occurring in luteal phase of menstrual cycle. Premenstrual syndrome will disappear when menstruation begins until a few days after menstruation. The incidence of premenstrual syndrome in Indonesia is 70% - 90% and 2% - 10% experienced severe symptoms of premenstrual syndrome.

Sport is able to maintain the women reproductive organs health. Women who exercise will have a good heart system, healthy blood vessels and hormones, so the impact is good blood flow on reproductive organs. If the hormones are balanced, then the control center of the brain reproductive hormone also works well.⁴

MATERIALS AND METHODS

This research is an analytic study to find out the causes and the relationship between the two variables.⁵ This study using cross sectional approach. Population in this study is 96 XI grade female students at SMAN 1 Sentolo. Selection of the sample in the study using total sampling method is a way of sampling by taking all members of the population to be sampled.⁶ The sample was 96 respondents.

RESULTS

When data collection, there are 6 absent respondents, 1 respondent had no menstrual period yet and 23 female students do not exercise. Therefore, 30 of 96 respondents included within the exclusion criteria in the study so it is not included in the results. So who meet the criteria for inclusion in this study were 66 respondents.

The results of this research is divided into two parts, namely univariate and bivariate analysis. Univariate analysis is an analytical look at the frequency distribution and presentation of data. Bivariate analysis to test the variable suspected having a connection or relationship between the two variables.

Table 1. Frequency Distribution of Sport Activity and Premenstrual Syndrome on Female Students in Class XI SMAN 1 Sentolo 2015

Sport activity	n	%
Regularly	9	13,6
Not Regularly	57	86,4

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Premenstrual Syndrome		
Mild	6	9,1
Moderate	29	43,9
Severe	31	47,0

Table 2. Correlation between Sport Activity and Premenstrual Syndrome on Female Students in Class XI SMAN 1 Sentolo 2015

Variable	Premenstrual Syndrome			X2	Р
Sport activity	Mild	Moderate	Severe	9,587	0,008
Regularly	22,2%	77,8%	0%		
Not Regularly	6%	38,6%	54,4%		

Based on Table 2. Known that 9 of the respondents who regularly exercise experiemced premenstrual syndrome, 2 students (22.2%) experienced mild premenstrual syndrome, 7 students (77.8%) experienced moderate premenstrual syndrome, and no respondents who experienced severe premenstrual syndrome and 57 respondents who do not regularly exercise experienced premenstrual syndrome, 4 students (7.0%) with mild premenstrual syndrome, 22 students (38.6%) with moderate premenstrual syndrome, and severe premenstrual syndrome experienced by 31 students (54.4%). This conclusion is in accordance with the value of significant/probability (P Value) in the amount of 0.008 which, when compared with P values <0.05, so the research hypothesis is accepted. It means there is a correlation between sport/physical activity with premenstrual syndrome on grade XI female student at SMAN 1 Sentolo with Odd Ratio irregular Sport suffer from moderate-severe premenstrual syndrome 3.786 times and 3.167 suffer premenstrual syndrome milder than the routine one.

DISCUSSION

Based on Table 1, the majority age of respondents in this study is 16 years old as many as 38 students or 57,6%. Adolescence ages that is 12 to 21 years old is an important period because this period is the transition into adulthood. In adolescence, person has a rapid physical changes and intensive intellectual development so that the child's interest on what is happening in the world is very large and do not want to be considered as a child anymore.7 Based on Table 2, It is known that they who are experienced severe premenstrual syndrome as many as 31 students or 47.0%. Based on research conducted by Adelina (2010),3 who conduct analytical studies on female students who do sports activities with premenstrual syndrome, show that 48 of 73 (66%) young women who experience premenstrual syndrome. Based on an

analysis conducted by the author during the research found that most teens experience premenstrual syndrome because teens do not know the symptoms of premenstrual syndrome and did not know how to resolve or prevent it. According to the table 2 noted that the majority of respondents do not exercise regularly as many as 57 people with prosentse 86.4%. Schoolgirl mostly had once aweek exercise and long work up a sweat or within 20 minutes. Sports activities were measured by routine every week and how long the exercise. Based on measurement issued by the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia sport that can be done is 2-3 times a week sports, within 20-30 minutes. Based on research conducted by Ifana Nashruna toward 119 respondents in Klaten, Tulung Pucungmiliran village obtained 68 respondents (57.1%) did not exercise regularly.

Regular and continuing exercise contribute to improve the production and release of endorphins. Endorphin has a role on estrogen control. Women who experience premenstrual syndrome occurs due to excess of hormone estrogen. Excess of estrogen can be prevented by increasing endorphin. This is prove that regular exercise prevent or reduce premenstrual syndrome, women who do not exercise regularly will has higher estrogen which causing severepremenstrual syndrome. Based on research conducted by Nurlaela et al (2008), who conducted a descriptive study on women who do aerobics with premenstrual syndrome showed 68 of 119 (57.1%) women who routinely perform aerobic exercise every week has easier premenstrual syndrome than who is not routinely perform aerobic exercises.

CONCLUSION

The results of this study can be concluded that there is a correlation betweensports activities/physical exercise with premenstrual syndrome in grade XI female student at SMAN 1 Sentolo with P value = 0.008 (<0.05).

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